

Canada and WWI – Questions

Pg. 75

1. What were the four causes of war in 1914 in Europe?
2. Why was this war called a “world” war?
3. Why were so many countries involved in this war?
4. Why was Canada involved in this war?

Pg. 76

1. Why were some Canadians eager to go to war? Why did others oppose the idea?

Pg. 78

1. What were some of the “horrors of war” that the soldiers experienced in the trenches?
2. What did “going over the top” mean?

3. Describe how you would feel just before "going over the top"

Pg. 80

1. What new weapon did the Germans introduce?
2. What were the effects of this weapon on soldiers?
3. Canadians are very proud of the way their soldiers behaved at Vimy. Why is that?
4. How did the image of Canada change because of Canada's war effort?

Pg. 82

1. How did Canadians at home contribute to the war effort?

2. In what three ways did the Canadian government direct Canadians' war effort at home?

Pg. 83

1. Why did Borden want to introduce conscription?
2. Who opposed conscription? Why?

Pg. 84

1. Did Borden successfully resolve the conscription conflict? Why or why not?
2. How did Borden ensure that he won the 1917 election?
3. Was conscription a successful way to get more soldiers?

Pg. 85

1. Why did prohibitionists want to make alcohol illegal?
2. What did suffragists want?
3. How did World War I change the status of women?

Pg. 87

1. Give two reasons some Canadians did not welcome immigrants before the war.
2. Do you think there is a relationship between employment and racial/religious discrimination?

3. Is discrimination still a problem in Canada?

Pg. 88

1. What happens in Canada on Remembrance Day?
2. How do you observe Remembrance Day?

Pg. 88-89

1. What did Canada's war efforts achieve?
2. Were these achievements worth the number of lives, the amount of money spent, and the bad feelings between groups of Canadians? Why or why not?

Pg. 89

1. Why did the veterans feel rejected, frustrated, and humiliated?

Pg. 90

1. What did some Canadians ask the government to do about its immigration policy?

Pg. 91

1. Why did unions become more active after the war?
2. How did the government try to resolve the conflict between workers and employers in the Winnipeg General Strike? Is it a good way to resolve conflict?
3. Why were farmers angry at the government?

4. How did they resolve their conflict with the government?

5. Do you think this was a successful method of resolving the problem? Why? Why not?